

## § 3.3-6 Armstrong

**Definition** A topological space  $X$  is **locally connected** if each point  $x \in X$  and each open set  $U$  with  $x \in U$ , there is an open connected set  $V$  with  $x \in V \subset U$ .

1. (20 points) (3.5.34) Show that if  $X$  is homeomorphic to an open set in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , then  $X$  is locally connected.
2. (20 points) (3.5.34) Show that  $X = \{1/j \in \mathbb{R} : j = 1, 2, 3, \dots\}$  is locally connected (as a subset/subspace of  $\mathbb{R}$ ), but  $X \cup \{0\}$  is not.
3. (20 points) (3.6.37-38) Show that  $\mathbb{S}^2$  is path connected.
4. (20 points) (3.6.41) Let  $X$  be a locally connected topological space. If  $A \subset X$  is path connected, then can you show  $\overline{A}$  is connected? Can you show  $\overline{A}$  is path connected?
5. (20 points) Let  $U \subset \mathbb{R}^2$  be open and connected with  $x_0 \in U$ . Let  $\Gamma$  denote the family of all continuous paths  $\gamma : [0, 1] \rightarrow U$  with  $\gamma(0) = x_0$ , and let  $\{\gamma\}$  denote the image of  $\gamma$ , i.e.,

$$\{\gamma(t) : t \in [0, 1]\}.$$

Show

$$\cup_{\gamma \in \Gamma} \{\gamma\}$$

is closed.