## TEST: Homogeneity, Additivity, and Linearity

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Let V and W be vector spaces and consider a function  $f: V \to W$ .

**Problem 1** Give a precise definition of what it means for f to be additive.

**Problem 2** Define a function  $\phi : \mathbb{C}^2 \to \mathbb{C}^2$  by

$$\phi(a + bi, c + di) = (a + 2bi, 3c + 4di).$$

- (a) If we consider  $\mathbb{C}^2$  as a complex vector space (as usual) what is the dimension of  $\mathbb{C}^2$ ?
- (b) Show that  $\phi$  is additive.

**Problem 3** Give a precise definition of what it means for f to be homogeneous.

**Problem 4** Define a function  $g : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$  by

$$g(x,y) = \sqrt[3]{x^3 + y^3}.$$

- (a) Show that g is homogeneous.
- (b) Show that g is additive on every one-dimensional subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , but  $g(p+q) \neq g(p) + g(q)$  for any nonzero vectors  $p, q \in \mathbb{R}^2$  not in the same one-dimensional subspace.
- (c) Show the function  $\phi$  from Problem 2 is not homogeneous.

**Problem 5** Show that if dim V = 1 and  $f : V \to W$  is homogeneous, then f is linear.